Lesson 6.1: Day 1: How many children are in your family?



Count up the number of children in your family (including yourself). Be sure to include all your stepbrothers/stepsisters and half-brothers/half-sisters.

Let *X* = the number of children. Suppose we choose someone from the class at random.

X	1	2	3	4	5	6+
Probability						

- 1. Is this a valid probability model? Explain.
- 2. Is 5.7167 a possible value for X? Explain.
- 3. Make a histogram to display information with *X* on the horizontal axis, and describe its shape.

- 4. Describe in words what $P(X \ge 3)$ and then find $P(X \ge 3)$.
- 5. Describe in words what P(X > 3) and then find P(X > 3).
- 6. Find the average of the *X* values.
- 7. Does this value tell us the average number of children in the families of students in this class? If yes, explain. If no, why not?



Lesson 6.1 Day 1– Discrete Random Variables

Important ideas:

Check Your Understanding

Indiana University Bloomington posts the grade distributions for its courses online. Suppose we choose a student at random from a recent semester of this university's Business Statistics course. The student's grade on a 4-point scale (with A = 4) is a random variable *X* with this probability distribution:

Value	0	1	2	3	4
Probability	0.011	0.032	???	0.362	0.457

- 1. Write the event "the student got a C" using probability notation. Then find this probability.
- 2. Explain in words what $P(X \ge 3)$ means. What is this probability?
- 3. Make a histogram of the probability distribution. Describe its shape.

4. Calculate and interpret the expected value of *X*.

