Name:	Date:
Topic:	Class:

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Main Ideas/Questions	Notes/Examples	
Type I:	To simplify when there is a monomial in the denominator: Rationalize by multiplying the numerator and denominator by the radical in the denominator then simplify.	
Dividing by	Directions: Find each quotient. Write your answer in simplest radical form.	
a Monomial	1. $\frac{2+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}}$	2. $\frac{4-\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$
	3. $\frac{4-6\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$	4. $\frac{5+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{18}}$
	5. $\frac{2-\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{12}}$	<b>6.</b> $\frac{5-\sqrt{5}}{4\sqrt{8}}$
Type 2: Dividing by a Binomial	To simplify when there is a binomial in the denominator: Multiply the numerator and denominator by the conjugate, then simplify.  What is a congugate?	
D	Directions: Multiply each expression by its conjugate, then simplify.	
Practice with Conjugates	<b>7.</b> 3+√5	<b>8.</b> 1 − 7√2

**Directions:** Find each quotient. Write your answer in simplest radical form.

**9.** 
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}}$$

10. 
$$\frac{4}{2-\sqrt{3}}$$

**11.** 
$$\frac{3}{3-\sqrt{3}}$$

**12.** 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{5}+3}$$

**13.** 
$$\frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{5+\sqrt{2}}$$

**14.** 
$$\frac{5+\sqrt{2}}{4-2\sqrt{2}}$$

**15.** The area of a rectangle is  $(14+7\sqrt{2})$  square meters. If the length of the square is  $(4+\sqrt{2})$  meters, find the width as a radical in simplest form.