COMPOSITIONS of FUNCTIONS Another method to combine functions is called a composition. Given f(x) and g(x), the composite function  $(f \circ g)(x)$  is defined as:

<b>Directions:</b> Given $f(x) = x^3 + 8$ , $g(x) = x - 1$ , and $h(x) = 5x - 3$ , find each function.	
<b>11.</b> $(f \circ g)(x)$	<b>12.</b> $(h \circ g)(x)$
<b>13.</b> $(f \circ h)(x)$	<b>14.</b> $(g \circ f)(x)$
Directions: Using the same functions above, find each function value.	
<b>15.</b> (g • h)(2)	<b>16.</b> (h • f)(-6)

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Perform the indicated operation.

1) 
$$g(x) = x - 2$$
  

$$f(x) = x^{3} + 3x$$
  
Find  $(g \circ f)(x)$ 

3) 
$$g(x) = 4x^{2} + 3$$
  

$$f(x) = x^{3} - 3x$$
  
Find  $(g \circ f)(x)$ 

5) 
$$g(a) = a^{2} + 3$$
  
 $h(a) = 4a - 4$   
Find  $g(h(a))$ .

. .

7) 
$$f(a) = 3a + 3$$
  
 $g(a) = a^{3} + 4 + a$   
Find  $f(g(a))$ 

9) 
$$f(n) = 2n^2 - 3$$
  
 $g(n) = -3n^2 - 2n$   
Find  $(f \circ g)(1)$ 

2) 
$$f(x) = x^{2} - 3$$
$$g(x) = -3x^{3} + 4x$$
Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ 

4)  $g(x) = x^{2} + 3$  f(x) = 3x - 2Find  $(g \circ f)(x)$ 

6) g(x) = 4x + 2 $h(x) = x^{2} + 1$ Find g(h(x))

8) g(x) = 4x + 4h(x) = 2x + 3Find g(h(x))

10) g(x) = 2x - 3h(x) = 4x - 1Find g(h(-9))

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