

## Midterm Review Day #2

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_

**Simplify.**

1)  $\sqrt{36p^2}$

2)  $7\sqrt{512x^2}$

3)  $3\sqrt{24} - \sqrt{6}$

4)  $4\sqrt{10p^2} \cdot -4\sqrt{6p}$

5)  $\sqrt{15}(5 + \sqrt{6})$

6)  $(-1 + \sqrt{2})(3 + \sqrt{2})$

7)  $\frac{4}{3\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}}$

8)  $\frac{2 + 3\sqrt{3}}{4 + \sqrt{2}}$

9)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}}$

10)  $\frac{5}{3 + 7i}$

$$11) \frac{-4 - 3i}{10i}$$

$$12) \frac{10 - i}{7 - i}$$

$$13) (-3 - 2i)(2 - 8i)$$

$$14) -4 - 2i - (-2 + 7i)$$

$$15) -5 - 7i - 2i - (5 + 8i)$$

Solve each equation by taking square roots.

$$16) 9x^2 + 1 = -175$$

Solve each equation with the quadratic formula.

$$17) 12a^2 - 5a + 9 = 0$$

$$18) 10b^2 + 4b - 7 = -9$$

$$19) 8b^2 + 14b + 21 = 12 + 7b$$

Solve each equation by factoring.

$$20) b^2 - 42 = b$$

$$21) x^2 - 9x = -3x - 8$$

**Solve each equation by completing the square.**

22)  $x^2 + 4x - 23 = 0$

23)  $n^2 - 10n + 36 = -2$

**Divide, using long division or synthetic division.**

24)  $(7b^3 + 37b^2 + 8b - 10) \div (b + 5)$

25)  $(x^4 - 6x^3 + 14x^2 - 42x - 14) \div (x - 5)$

**State if the given binomial is a factor of the given polynomial, using long division or synthetic division to determine your answer.**

26)  $(r^3 - r^2 - 84r - 60) \div (r - 10)$

27)  $(n^3 - 11n^2 + 6n + 40) \div (n - 10)$

**Simplify each expression.**

28)  $(\underline{6x^4} + 4x^2 - 7x^3) - (\underline{5x^3} + 6x^4 + 7x^2)$

**Name each polynomial by degree and number of terms.**

29)  $-7 + 8a^5 + 2a - 3a^6 + 6a^4$

**Expand completely, using the Binomial Theorem.**

30)  $(2 - y)^4$

**Perform the indicated operation.**

31)  $g(x) = x + 5$   
 $f(x) = x^3 + 1 + 2x$   
Find  $(g \cdot f)(x)$

32)  $g(n) = -n^3 - 4n$   
 $h(n) = 3n - 4$   
Find  $(g \circ h)(n)$

33)  $g(n) = n + 2$   
 $h(n) = n^2 - 2n$   
Find  $(g \circ h)(6)$

34)  $g(t) = 4t - 2$   
 $f(t) = 2t + 1$   
Find  $(g - f)(7)$

**Find the inverse of each function.**

35)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 3}$

**State if the given functions are inverses. Use composition.**

36)  $f(x) = 2x - 5$   
 $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$