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| <p><b>COMMON LOGARITHM</b></p>  | <p>A logarithm with base 10 is called a <b>common logarithm</b> and can be written without the base.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <math>\log_{10} x \rightarrow</math> </div>                      |  |
| <p><b>EVALUATING LOGARITHMS</b></p>   | <p><b>Directions:</b> Use your knowledge of exponents to evaluate the following logarithms.</p>  |  |
|   | <p><b>13.</b> <math>\log_7 49</math></p>   | <p><b>14.</b> <math>\log_3 27</math></p>     |
|   | <p><b>15.</b> <math>\log 100</math></p>  | <p><b>16.</b> <math>\log_{12} 1</math></p>   |
|   | <p><b>17.</b> <math>\log_2 64</math></p>   | <p><b>18.</b> <math>\log_3 243</math></p>    |
|   | <p><b>19.</b> <math>\log_9 \frac{1}{81}</math></p>   | <p><b>20.</b> <math>\log_{64} 4</math></p>   |
| <p><b>CHANGE OF BASE FORMULA</b></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; margin-top: 20px;"> <p>Choose BASE 10 because there is a calculator button for it!</p> </div> | <p>Some logarithms are not as easy to evaluate as those above, and will require the <b>change of base formula</b>.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 20px;"> <math>\log_b a =</math> </div> |  |
|   | <p><b>Directions:</b> Evaluate each log using the change of base formula.</p>  |  |
|   | <p><b>21.</b> <math>\log_{16} 64</math></p>  | <p><b>22.</b> <math>\log_8 32</math></p>     |
|   | <p><b>23.</b> <math>\log_2 54</math></p>   | <p><b>24.</b> <math>\log_{10} 294</math></p> |
| <p><b>25.</b> <math>\log_4 136</math></p>   | <p><b>26.</b> <math>\log_6 \frac{1}{36}</math></p>   |  |